ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT

RRP and ASP Pipeline Routes

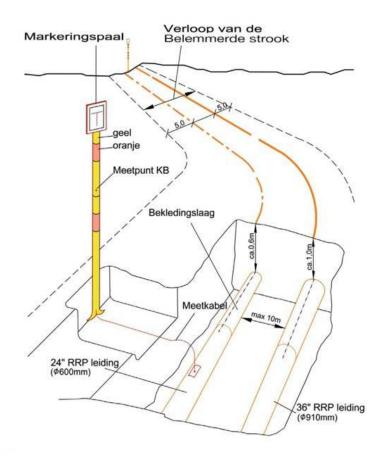


PIPELINE CORRIDOR

Our pipelines are installed in a pipeline corridor that enables us to maintain the pipelines. The pipeline corridor extends at least five metres from both sides of a pipeline, measured from the centre of the pipeline.

Within the pipeline corridor there is an absolute ban on construction and ground disturbance. Third parties are only permitted to undertake activities in the proximity of RRP's pipeline corridors after having been granted written permission to do so by RRP.

Land owners, lessees or other land users furthermore are required to refrain from any actions that could endanger the safe and undisturbed positions of the pipelines. This means that it is prohibited to plant trees or deep-rooting shrubs, drive objects into the ground, construct buildings, store goods and undertake excavation on top of, in, or above the corridor.



PIPELINE INFORMATION

Our brochure contains the procedure and conditions of N.V. Rotterdam-Rijn Pijpleiding Maatschappij (RRP) that apply to all works carried out within the pipeline corridors managed by RRP on publicly as well as privately owned lands.

These conditions also apply to any works carried out beyond the pipeline corridors, but that can affect the pipelines; for example drilling or works driven into the ground (pile driving activities).

Since 2017, RRP has been providing pipeline management support to the Amsterdam Schiphol Pipeline (ASP Beheer B.V.).

To be able to secure the safety of our pipelines, RRP requires detailed written information about the project prior to the commencement of any work, about all construction companies, planning firms, private construction companies or residents. An assessment will then be made on the basis of the submitted request to determine whether the project has any potential impacts on our pipeline systems.

For additional information, please see our brochure '<u>Working Safely within RRP Pipeline</u> <u>Corridors</u>'. For reporting soil disturbance activities, see the Land Registry's KLIC Cable and Pipeline Information Centre's portal.

WIBON

The WIBON (Aboveground and Underground Grids (Information Exchange) Act) went into effect on 1 July 2018 and replaces the WION (Underground Grids (Information Exchange) Act).

The purpose of the WIBON is to reduce the number of excavation incidents involving cables and pipelines. Our pipelines are classified in the 'pipelines with hazardous content' category. This means that excavating in the proximity of our pipelines without giving us the opportunity of taking precautionary measures in advance is prohibited.

KLIC (Cable and Pipeline Information Centre)

Anyone planning to perform or subcontract excavation works is legally obliged to report this in advance to the Land Registry Office. This is referred to as an Excavation Notice.

Following the notice, you will receive digital information about the location of underground cables and pipelines that you must use to be able to carefully perform the excavation. The cable and pipeline information must be available on site when the excavation activities are carried out. The notice must be submitted at least three working days and no more than 20 working days in advance.



https://www.kadaster.nl/klic-melding-kabel-en-leidinginformatie

VELIN

The Dutch Association of Land Owners (VELIN) represents the collective interests of its members. The collective interests of pipeline operators primarily concern their legal position, the pipeline-related regulations and the commercial management of the pipelines.

N.V. Rotterdam-Rijn Pijpleiding Maatschappij (RRP) is a member of this association. In this context, the association aims for uniform communications about precautionary measures. As such, excavation guidelines for activities carried out in the proximity of transport pipelines have been prepared.

These guidelines, in addition to the CROW Safe Excavation Process Guideline, the Aboveground and Underground Grids (Information Exchange) Act (WIBON) and the External Safety of Pipelines Decree (BEVB), are intended to clearly and unambiguously specify the conditions under which activities in the proximity of pipelines are permitted to be carried out.



http://www.velin.nl/

RIGHT IN REM/AGREEMENTS

Our pipelines are constructed under private law (right in rem/currently right of superficies) and public-law agreements (permits).

On construction, the agreements drawn up between the parties under private law are subsequently set out in a notarial deed and are registered at the Land Registry Office in the public registers.

The purpose of this agreement under private law, on the one hand, is to give us access to the pipelines as the pipeline operator and, on the other hand, to prevent our pipeline(s) from being endangered through land use.

An agreement of this nature sets out the rights and obligations within the plot, including the ban on planting trees or deep-rooting shrubs, constructing structures or storing goods within the pipeline corridor. This way we endeavour to secure the integrity of, and, in case of emergency, rapid access to, our pipelines.

A further objective of registering the rights is to ensure that in case of transfer, the successor is made aware of the presence of the pipelines and the associated pipeline rights.

In case of any questions, please contact the Urban & Third Party Affairs (UTPA) department, preferably by email, at: <u>UTPA@RRPweb.nl</u>